

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 1341.1087 (JDH)

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier:

Tadashi OHASHI

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**APPLICATION ELEMENTS**

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

**ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231**

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
2. ☒ Specification, Claims & Abstract ..... [ Total Pages: 34 ]
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) ..... [ Total Sheets: 7 ]
4. ☐ Oath or Declaration ..... [ Total Pages: 3 ]
  - a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
  - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
    - i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Applicant claims small entity status.
6. ☐ Incorporation by Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
7. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
8. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
  - a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
  - b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
  - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

**ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS**

9. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
10. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) [ ] Power of Attorney
11. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
12. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 [ ] Copies of IDS Citations
13. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
14. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
15. ☒ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed) (2000-069385, filed 3/13/00)
16. ☐ Other:

**17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:**[ ] Continuation [ ] Divisional [ ] Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: 1**18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**

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PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Staas &amp; Halsey LLP

**NEW APPLICATION  
FEE TRANSMITTAL**

Attorney Docket No.	1341.1068 (JDH)
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**FEE CALCULATION** (fees effective 10/01/00)

CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS	13 - 20 =	0	X \$ 18.00 =	\$
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	2 - 3 =	0	X \$ 80.00 =	
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (any number; if applicable)			+ \$270.00 =	
	<b>BASIC FILING FEE</b>				710.00
	Total of above Calculations =				\$ 710.00
	Surcharge for late filing fee, Statement or Power of Attorney (\$130.00)				+
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (37 CFR 1.9, 1.27 & 1.28).				-
	<b>TOTAL FILING FEE =</b>				\$ 710.00
	Surcharge for filing non-English language application (\$130.00; 37 CFR 1.52(d))				+
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	<b>TOTAL FEES DUE =</b>				\$ 750.00

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**SUBMITTED BY: STAAS & HALSEY LLP**

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Reg. No. 22,729

Signature

Date October 27, 2000

**SERVICE PROCESSOR CONTROL SYSTEM AND COMPUTER-READABLE  
RECORDING MEDIUM RECORDING SERVICE PROCESSOR CONTROL  
PROGRAM**

5    FIELD OF THE INVENTION

          The present invention relates to a service processor control system for extracting component information on all the hardware and firmware constituting a product through the Internet and to a computer-readable recording medium  
10    recording a service processor control program.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

          Conventionally, at manufacturers-side involved in the manufacture of apparatuses/units, various codes relating to  
15    firmware and documents relating to firmware and hardware are generated in a series of processes including a development process, a design process, a production process, an inspection process, a shipment process, a delivery and installation process and a user-side operation and  
20    maintenance process, and it takes considerable labor and cost for delivery and maintenance. Thus, means and methods for effectively overcoming these disadvantages are strongly desired.

          As described above, at manufacturers-side, various  
25    codes and documents are conventionally generated in a series

of processes including a development process, a design process, a manufacturing process, an inspection process, a shipment process, a delivery and installation process and a user-side operation and maintenance process. The various  
5 codes relating to firmware includes a source code, an object code, patch data, hardware state setting information on a host (or server, etc.) subjected to a maintenance service for the service processor and the like.

The documents include manuals, specifications, design  
10 drawings, EC sheets (a new design notice, a design modification notice) and the like relating to firmware, hardware and the like. It is assumed here that the documents 6 shown in Fig. 7 include all paper mediums such as the above-described manuals, specifications, design drawings  
15 and EC sheets. As shown in Fig. 7, the documents 6 in great volume are conventionally stored in a warehouse and delivered, if necessary, to an inspection division, a manufacturing division, customers, a maintenance company and the like. Further, the parties which received the  
20 documents 6 read the documents by visual observation.

Likewise, the source codes, object codes relating to firmware, hardware state setting information on a host (or a server, etc.) to which a service processor maintenance service is conducted, and the like are distributed by hand  
25 to related divisions, a maintenance company and the like.

Further, at the manufacture side, there are installed a host 1 such as a mainframe used in various processings, a service processor 2 and a console 3. The service processor 2 is a computer serve system independent of the host 1. The service  
5 processor 2 controls the hardware of the host 1, provides conversational means for conversation with an operating system, monitors and diagnoses the operation state of the host 1 and the like.

The console 3 is a specific terminal for issuing  
10 commands to the service processor 2 and is operated by an operator. A remote maintenance terminal 5 is installed at a maintenance company side and connected to the console 3 (service processor 2) through a line 4. The remote maintenance terminal 5 conducts a remote maintenance through  
15 the line 4.

Meanwhile, it has been conventionally necessary to deliver source codes and object codes of the firmware developed by the design division and the documents 6 (see Fig. 7) (which will be referred to as "component information"  
20 hereinafter) one by one. Due to this, it disadvantageously takes considerable labor and cost for delivery and maintenance. In case of the documents 6, in particular, it disadvantageously takes considerable labor and cost for the preparation and creation of materials, the creation of block  
25 copies, maintenance, delivery and the like.

Moreover, the console 3 has been conventionally connected to the service processor 2 (host 1) as a part of the system. For that reason, only the console 3 can execute control over the service processor 2, which makes the system  
5 disadvantageously less versatile.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to provide a service processor control system and a computer-  
10 readable recording medium recording a service processor control program capable of delivering and maintaining component information with less labor and lower cost and capable of realizing enhanced versatility relating to service processor control.

15 To obtain the above object, the invention according to a first aspect comprises, a drawing server 30, an EC sheet server 40, a program server 50 and a manual server 60 in one embodiment to be described later) storing component information on all of hardware and firmware constituting a  
20 product, control information for controlling at least a hardware state of a host and setting information for setting the hardware state, and connected to the Internet; and a client (corresponding to a client 80 and a client 10 in one embodiment to be described later) connected to a service  
25 processor connected to the host and the Internet, having at

least a maintenance service function, as a console function  
for the service processor, based on the control information  
and the setting information, and drawing the component  
information, the control information and the setting  
5 information through a browser.

According to this invention, the client having the  
console function for the service processor and connected to  
the Internet is provided, and component information, control  
information and setting information are extracted through  
10 the browser. Thus, compared with a conventional case where  
component information is delivered and maintained by paper  
mediums and the like, delivery and maintenance can be  
conducted with less labor and lower cost and latest component  
information can be easily obtained due to the interactive  
15 characteristics of the Internet. Further, according to  
this invention, it is not necessary to store  
conventionally-used paper mediums in great volume in a  
warehouse and it is, therefore, unnecessary to dispose of  
bad resources of paper mediums.

20 The invention according to a second aspect is based  
on the service processor control system according to the  
first aspect, wherein the client executes control relating  
to the service processor through the browser, thereby  
setting and controlling the hardware state of the host based  
25 on the control information and the setting information.

According to this invention, the client provided with the browser instead of the conventional console 3 sets and controls the hardware state of the host. This can enhance versatility with respect to service processor control.

5       The invention according to a third aspect is based on the service processor control system according to the first or the second aspect, wherein the component information, the control information and the setting information are described in XML and the browser is made to correspond to  
10 the XML.

According to this invention, component information is described in XML. Due to the characteristics of XML, therefore, various types of component information can be easily structuralized.

15       The invention according to a fourth aspect is based on the service processor control system according to any one of the first to the third aspects, wherein another client connected to the Internet is also provided with the browser.

According to this invention, by providing another  
20 client connected to the Internet with a browser, control relating to the service processor can be executed by another client through the Internet.

The invention according to a fifth aspect is based on the service processor control system according to any one  
25 of the first to the fourth aspects wherein the client executes



control over information on the service processor using the XML including a tag for defining a type of information on the hardware of the host by DTD.

According to this invention, service processor  
5 information control is executed using the XML defining an information type (e.g., binary, hexadecimal, decimal) by DTD. Thus, the use of XML can be extended to an information processing.

The invention according to a sixth aspect is based on  
10 the service processor control system according to any one of the first to the fifth aspects wherein the client displays the hardware state by a predetermined type of information by using the DTD and DSSSL.

According to this invention, the hardware state of the  
15 host is displayed by a predetermined type of information by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use of XML can be extended to display control relating to the service processor.

The invention according to a seventh aspect is based on the service processor control system according to the  
20 sixth aspect wherein the client writes the setting information of a predetermined type into the hardware of the host by using the DTD and DSSSL.

According to this invention, the setting information of a predetermined type is written into the hardware of the  
25 host by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use of XML can be

extended to control for writing information into the hardware.

The invention according to an eighth aspect is based on the service processor control system according to the sixth aspect wherein the client displays a message from the host by scrolling up or down the message by using the DTD or DSSSL.

According to this invention, the message from the host is displayed while being scrolled up or down by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use of XML can be extended to host message display control.

The invention according to a ninth aspect is based on the service processor control system according to the first to the eighth aspects wherein the service processor control system comprises a program server connected to the Internet, storing a program, a loading module for loading the program and control information for controlling execution of the program; and the client extracts the program, the loading module and the control information by way of the browser through the Internet and then executes the program.

According to this invention, a program, a loading module and control information are extracted from the program server by way of the browser corresponding to XML through the Internet. Thus, compared with a conventional case, the execution of the program can be conducted at low

cost, instantly and easily.

The invention according to a tenth aspect is a computer-readable recording medium recording a service processor control program, connected to a service processor  
5 and adapted to a client connected as a console for at least the service processor, the service processor connected to a component information server storing component information on all hardware and firmware constituting a product, control information for controlling at least a  
10 hardware state of a host and setting information for setting the hardware state through the Internet and connected to the host, wherein the computer-readable recording medium allows a computer to execute an extraction step of extracting the component information, the control information and the  
15 setting information through a browser.

According to this invention, component information, control information and setting information are extracted through the browser. Thus, compared with a conventional case where component information is delivered and maintained  
20 by paper mediums and the like, delivery and maintenance can be conducted with less labor and lower cost and latest component information can be easily obtained due to the interactive characteristics of the Internet. Further, according to this invention, it is not necessary to store  
25 conventionally-used paper mediums in great volume in a

warehouse and it is, therefore, unnecessary to dispose of bad resources of paper mediums.

The invention according to an eleventh aspect is based on the computer-readable recording medium recording a service processor control program according to the tenth aspect, wherein the computer-readable recording medium comprises a control execution step of setting and controlling the hardware state of the host based on the control information and the setting information by executing control relating to the service processor through the browser.

According to this invention, control relating to the service processor is conducted through the browser instead of the conventional console. Thus, versatility relating to service processor control can be enhanced.

The invention according to a twelfth aspect based on the computer-readable recording medium recording a service processor control program according to the tenth or the eleventh aspect comprises an information control execution step of executing control over information on the service processor by using an XML including a tag defining a type of hardware information on the host by DTD.

According to this invention, service processor information control is executed using the XML defining an information type (e.g., binary, hexadecimal, and decimal)

by DTD. Thus, the use of XML can be extended to an information processing.

Other objects and features of this invention will become understood from the following description with reference to  
5 the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the constitution of one embodiment according to the present invention;

10 Fig. 2 is a flow chart for describing overall processings of this embodiment;

Fig. 3 is a flow chart for describing a console browser processing in this embodiment;

15 Fig. 4 is a flow chart for describing a maintenance browser processing in this embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a flow chart for describing a service browser processing in this embodiment;

Fig. 6 is a flow chart for describing a loading browser processing in this embodiment; and

20 Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing a conventional constitution.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Description will be given hereinafter to one  
25 embodiment of a service processor control system and a

computer-readable recording medium recording a service processor control program according to the present invention with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the constitution of one embodiment according to the present invention. In Fig. 1, a client 10 is a terminal for registering electronic information on drawings such as circuit diagrams and structural drawings generated in a series of processes including a development process, a design process, a manufacturing process, an inspection process and a shipment process, information on various EC sheets (a new design notice, a design modification notice and the like), program information and electronic information on various manuals. The client 10 is connected to the Internet 20. In this client 10, a browser 11 for perusing information described in XML (Extensive Markup Language) is started. Electronic information on diagrams, various EC sheets and various manuals, and program information as stated above will be generally referred to as "component information" hereinafter.

A diagram server 30 is connected to the Internet 20 and is provided with a storage device 31. This storage device 31 stores therein electronic information, described in XML, on drawings such as circuit diagrams and structural drawings. An EC sheet server 40 is connected to the Internet

20 and is provided with a storage device 41. This storage device 41 stores therein electronic information, described in XML, on various EC sheets. A program server 50 is connected to the Internet 20 and is provided with a storage device 51. This storage device 51 stores therein an inspection program and the like. A manual server 60 is connected to the Internet 20 and is provided with a storage device 61. This storage device 61 stores therein electronic information, described in XML, on various manuals.

10 A service processor 70 is connected to the Internet 20 and a client 80. The service processor 70 is a computer subsystem independent of a host 90 (or server, etc.). The service processor 70 controls hardware, provides conversational means for conversation with an operating system, monitors and diagnoses the operation state of the host 90. This service processor 70 is connected to the host 90 through a bus 100 for scan-in and scan-out to the host 90.

The client 80 is connected to the Internet 20 and the service processor 70. In this client 80, an SVP (Service Processor) browser 81 is started. This client 80 corresponds to the conventional console 3 (see Fig. 7) and conducts a maintenance service and the like to the host 90. Further, the client 80 is allowed to refer to or register information on drawings, various sheets and the like through

the Internet 20 by using an SVP browser 81. Further, an IP address, an SMTP address and an FTP address are added to the client 80 (SVP browser 81). The client 80 is, therefore, capable of establishing communications through the Internet  
5 20.

Next, the operation of one embodiment stated above will be described with reference to the flow charts of Figs. 2 to 6. In a state shown in Fig. 1, in which the browser 11 and the SVP browser 81 are started, respectively, the  
10 displays of the clients 10 and 80 display menus for selecting events (registration, reference, reception, ..., and loading browser.

Here, if "registration" is selected while the browser 11 of the client 10 is started, the client 10 outputs the  
15 determination result of a step SA1, "Yes". In a step SA8, the client 10 registers electronic information on drawings such as circuit diagrams and structural drawings, information on various EC sheets (a new design notice, a design modification notice), program information or  
20 electronic information on various manuals in the drawing server 30, the EC sheet server 40, the program server 50 or the manual server 60 through the Internet 20.

In case of registering hardware information, "registration" and "hardware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected.  
25 By doing so, hardware information on drawings, various EC



5 sheets and various manuals are registered. In case of registering firmware information, "registration" and "firmware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected. By doing so, firmware information on various EC sheets, programs and various manuals are registered.

Further, if "reference" shown in Fig. 2 is selected while the SVP browser 81 of the client 80 is started, the client 80 outputs the determination result of a step SA2, "Yes". In a step SA9, the client 80 extracts electronic  
10 information on drawings such as circuit diagrams and structural drawings, information on various EC sheets (a new design notice, a design modification notice), program information and electronic information on various manuals from the drawing server 30, the EC sheet server 40, the  
15 program server 50 and the manual server 60. These pieces of information are then displayed by the SVP browser 81, thereby executing a reference processing.

In case of referring to hardware information, "reference" and "hardware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected. By  
20 doing so, hardware information on drawings, various EC sheets and various manuals are referred to. In case of referring to firmware information, "reference" and "firmware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected. By doing so, firmware information on various EC sheets, programs and  
25 various manuals are referred to.

If "reception" shown in Fig. 2 is selected while the SVP browser 81 of the client 80 is started, the client 80 outputs the determination result of a step SA3, "Yes". In a step SA10, the client 80 extracts electronic information on drawings such as circuit diagrams and structural drawings, information on various EC sheets (a new design notice, a design modification notice and the like), program information and electronic information on various manuals from the drawing server 30, the EC sheet server 40, the program server 50 and the manual server 60 through the VP browser 81, receives these pieces of information and then stores the information in a storage device (not shown).

In case of receiving hardware information, "reception" and "hardware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected. By doing so, hardware information on drawings, various EC sheets and various manuals are received. In case of receiving firmware information, "reception" and "firmware" shown in Fig. 2 are selected. By doing so, firmware information on various EC sheets, programs and various manuals are received.

Further, if "console browser" is selected, the client 80 outputs the determination result of a step SA4 shown in Fig. 2, "Yes", and executes a console browser processing shown in Fig. 3. In this console browser processing, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) functions as a console for the service processor 70. In a step SB1, the client 80 receives

an OS message from the OS (operating system) of the host 90 through the service processor 70. OS messages include "HOST OS MESSAGE", "RUN01 JOB START", "RUN02 JOB RESTART" and the like.

5 In a step SB2, the client 80 embeds the received OS message into an XML tag. If "HOST OS MESSAGE", for example, is received, the message is embedded like <PD>HOST OS MESSAGE</PD>. <PD> is a tag which means scrolling down the OS message from up to down direction (D direction) on one-line  
10 basis. If scrolling up an OS message from down to up direction (U direction) on one-line basis, a tag <PU> is used.

In a step SB3, the OS message is displayed on the SVP browser 81. In a step SB4, the tag is checked to thereby judge whether or not scroll is scroll-up. In that case, a  
15 determination result is set "No" to provide <PD> (scroll-down) tag. In a step SB6, the OS message is scrolled down in D direction on the SVP browser 81. If the determination result of the step SB4 is "Yes", the OS message is scrolled up in U direction in a step SB5.

20 Further, if "maintenance browser" is selected, the client 80 outputs the determination result of the step SA5 shown in Fig. 2, "Yes", and executes a maintenance browser processing shown in Fig. 4. In this maintenance browser, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) functions to maintain the  
25 service processor 70. In that case, a select picture plane

for selecting a maintenance item ("MPU START", "MPU STOP",  
"MEMORY DUMP" or the like) is displayed on the SVP browser  
81.

In a step SC1 shown in Fig. 4, it is judged whether  
5 or not DUMP ("MEMORY DUMP" stated above) has been selected.  
If this determination result is "Yes", the scan-out of a  
hardware register in the service processor 70 is executed  
in a step SC2 and binary data is acquired. In a step SC3,  
the client 80 embeds the acquired binary data into an XML  
10 tag. In this case, the tag means that the data is binary  
data. In a step SC4, it is judged whether or not scan-out  
has been completed. If the determination result is "No",  
processings after the step SC2 are repeated.

If the determination result of a step SC4 is "Yes",  
15 the client 80 describes scan or log information in XML in  
a step SC5. In a step SC6, the client 80 embeds the  
information embedded into the tag in the step SC3 and the  
XML information in the step SC5 into an applet.

In a step SC7, the client 80 reads DTD (Document Type  
20 Definition) for maintenance display from a storage device  
(not shown. This DTD defines a tag described in XML. The  
DTD is stored in the storage device in advance. In a step  
SC8, the client 80 reads DSSSL (Document Style Semantics and  
Specification Language) from the storage device (not shown).  
25 The DSSSL defines the document style correspond to XML. In

a step SC9, the scanned-out binary data, log information (XML information) and the like are displayed on the SVP browser 81 according to the DSSSL.

On the other hand, if the determination result of the  
5 step SC1 is "No", scan-in to a register in the service processor 70 is executed in steps SC10 to SC14. Namely, in the step SC10, to-be-scanned-in browser input information (e.g., binary data) described through SVP browser 81 in XML is read (inputted) into the register in the service processor  
10 70. Accordingly, the above-stated information is embedded into the XML tag.

The browser information include hexadecimal description data, decimal data and the like besides binary data (binary description data). In case of the binary data,  
15 the XML tag is <B>binary description</B>. In case of the hexadecimal data, the XML tag is <HEX>/hexadecimal data</HEX>. In case of decimal data, the XML tag is <DEC>/decimal description</DEC>.

In the step SC11, the client 80 reads the DTD according  
20 to each tag of the browser input information from the storage device (not shown). This DTD defines the tag of browser input information. "TAG BUS=X' 44BF FFFF' (HEX)" is an example of this DTD. This means that "TAG BUS" is associated with "44BF FFFF" in hexadecimal description.

25 In the step SC12, the client 80 reads DSSSL

corresponding to the browser input information from the storage device (not shown). In the step SC13, binary bit information is extracted from the DTD. To be specific, "0100(4) 0100(4) 1011(B) 1111(F) 1111(F) 1111(F) 1111(F) 1111(F)" (binary bit information) is extracted from "44BFFFFF" (hexadecimal). In the step SC14, the client 80 scans in the binary bit information (binary data) to a target register (e.g., TAG BUS) of the service processor 70.

Further, if "service browser" is selected, the client 80 outputs the judgement result of the step SA6 shown in Fig. 2, "Yes", and executes a service browser processing shown in Fig. 5. In this service browser processing, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) functions as a console for the service processor 70, and displays update information and patch information on the service processor 70 as well as information for maintaining the service processor and the like (all of which information are described in XML). These pieces of service information are stored in the storage device (not shown).

In a step SD1 shown in Fig. 5, the client 80 loads display service information (described in XML) from the storage device. In a step SD2, the client 80 loads DTD relating to the service information from the storage device. This DTD defines a tag for the service information (in XML) and is stored in the storage device in advance. In a step

SD3, the client 80 reads DSSSL for service information display from the storage device (not shown). This DSSSL defines a document style corresponding to the service information. In a step SD4, the service information loaded  
5 in the step SD1 is displayed on the SVP browser 81 according to DSSSL.

If "loading browser" is selected, the client 80 outputs the judgment result of the step SA7 shown in Fig. 2, "Yes", and executes a loading browser processing shown in Fig. 6.  
10 In this loading browser processing, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) functions as a console for the service processor 70. The client 80 has a function of loading a loading module, a loading program and control information.

The loading module is to load software and firmware  
15 stored in the storage device 51 through the Internet 20. The loading program is software or firmware stored in the storage device. The control information is one for controlling the execution of the loading program and has the designation of data write address, a skip address and the like described  
20 in XML.

That is, in a step SE1 shown in Fig. 6, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) extracts a loading module from the storage device 51 through the Internet 20 and the program server 50. To be specific, the client 80 extracts a loading module from  
25 addresses "00FF00" to "00FFFF" and addresses "03FFA0" to

"04EFFF" on a map shown in Fig. 6 according to the loading module. In a step SE2, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) extracts the loading program from the storage device 51 through the Internet 20 and the program server 50.

5 In a step SE3, the client 80 (SVP browser 81) extracts control information from the storage device through the Internet 20 and the program server 50. In a step SE4, the service processor 70 executes the loading program in accordance with the control information. In a step SE5, it  
10 is judged whether or not the execution of all loading programs has been completed. If this judgment result is "No", processings after the step SE1 are repeated.

As described above, according to one embodiment of the present invention, the client 80 having the console function  
15 for the service processor 70 and connected to the Internet 20 is provided, and component information (drawing information, various EC sheet information and the like), control information for controlling at least the hardware state of the host 90 and setting information for setting the  
20 hardware state are extracted through the SVP browser 81. Thus, compared with a conventional case where component information is delivered and maintained by paper mediums and the like, delivery and maintenance can be conducted with less labor and lower cost and latest component information can  
25 be easily obtained due to the interactive characteristics



of the Internet 20. Further, according to one embodiment of the present invention, it is not necessary to store conventionally-used paper mediums in great volume in a warehouse and it is not, therefore, necessary to dispose of  
5 bad resources of paper mediums.

Furthermore, according to one embodiment of the present invention, the client 80 provided with the SVP browser 81 instead of the conventional console 3 controls the service processor 70. This can enhance versatility with  
10 respect to control over the service processor 70.

Moreover, according to one embodiment of the present invention, component information is described in XML. Due to the characteristics of XML, therefore, various types of component information can be easily structuralized.

15 Additionally, according to one embodiment of the present invention, by providing another client (not shown) connected to the Internet 20 with a browser having the same function as that of the SVP browser 81, control relating to the service processor 70 can be executed by another client  
20 through the Internet 20.

Furthermore, according to one embodiment of the present invention, information on the service processor 70 is controlled using the XML defining a data type (e.g., binary, hexadecimal, decimal) by a tag. Thus, the use of XML can  
25 be extended to a data processing.

Further, according to one embodiment of the present invention, a program, a loading module and control information are extracted from the program server by way of the SVP browser 81 corresponding to XML through the Internet  
5 20. Thus, compared with the conventional case, the execution of the program can be conducted at low cost, instantly and easily.

One embodiment of the present invention has been described so far with reference to the accompanying drawings.  
10 It should be noted that concrete examples of the constitution of the invention are not limited to one embodiment. Even if there are design changes and the like within the range in which the scope and spirit of the present invention are not deviated, these changes are included in the present  
15 invention. For example, in one embodiment described above, the service processor control program for realizing the function of the client 80 (SVP browser 81) may be recorded on a computer-readable recording medium and the service processor control program recorded on this recording medium  
20 may be read and executed by a computer.

This computer consists of a CPU executing a service processor control program, input devices such as a keyboard, a mouse and the like, an ROM (Read Only Memory) storing various data, an RAM (Random Access Memory) storing  
25 operation parameters and the like, a reader reading the

service processor control program from a recording medium,  
output devices such as a display, a printer and the like,  
and a bus connecting the respective parts of the computer.

The CPU reads the service processor control program  
5 recorded on the recording medium through the reader and then  
executes the service processor control program, thereby  
conducting the above-stated control. The recording medium  
may be not only a portable type recording medium such as an  
optical disk, a floppy disk, a hard disk and the like but  
10 also a transmission medium such as a network for temporarily  
holding data.

As described so far, according to the invention of the  
first aspect, the client having the console function for the  
service processor and connected to the Internet is provided,  
15 and component information, control information and setting  
information are extracted through the browser. Thus,  
compared with a conventional case where component  
information is delivered and maintained by paper mediums and  
the like, delivery and maintenance can be advantageously  
20 conducted with less labor and lower cost and latest component  
information can be advantageously, easily obtained due to  
the interactive characteristics of the Internet. Further,  
according to the invention of the first aspect, it is not  
necessary to store conventionally-used paper mediums in  
25 great volume in a warehouse and it is, therefore,

advantageously unnecessary to dispose of bad resources of paper mediums.

Furthermore, according to the invention of the second aspect, the client provided with the browser instead of the  
5 conventional console 3 sets and controls the hardware state of the host. This can advantageously enhance versatility with respect to service processor control.

Moreover, according to the invention of the third aspect, component information is described in XML. Due to  
10 the characteristics of XML, therefore, various types of component information can be advantageously, easily structuralized.

Additionally, according to the invention of the fourth aspect, by providing another client connected to the  
15 Internet with a browser, control relating to the service processor can be advantageously executed by another client through the Internet.

Furthermore, according to the invention of the fifth aspect, service processor information control is executed  
20 using the XML defining an information type (e.g., binary, hexadecimal, decimal) by DTD. Thus, the use of XML can be advantageously extended to an information processing.

According to the invention of the sixth aspect, the hardware state of the host is displayed by a predetermined  
25 type of information by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use

of XML can be advantageously extended to display control relating to the service processor.

According to the invention of the seventh aspect, the setting information of a predetermined type is written into  
5 the hardware of the host by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use of XML can be advantageously extended to control for writing information into the hardware.

According to the invention of the eighth aspect, the message from the host is displayed while being scrolled up  
10 or down by using DTD and DSSSL. Thus, the use of XML can be advantageously extended to host message display control.

Further, according to the invention of the ninth aspect, a program, a loading module and control information are extracted from the program server by way of the browser  
15 corresponding to XML through the Internet. Thus, compared with a conventional case, the execution of the program can be conducted at low cost, instantly and easily.

According to the invention of the tenth aspect, component information, control information and setting  
20 information are extracted through the browser. Thus, compared with a conventional case where component information is delivered and maintained by paper mediums and the like, delivery and maintenance can be advantageously conducted with less labor and lower cost and latest component  
25 information can be advantageously, easily obtained due to

the interactive characteristics of the Internet. Further,  
according to the invention of the ninth aspect, it is not  
necessary to store conventionally-used paper mediums in  
great volume in a warehouse and it is, therefore,  
5 advantageously unnecessary to dispose of bad resources of  
paper mediums.

Further, according to the invention of the eleventh  
aspect, control relating to the service processor is  
conducted through the browser instead of the conventional  
10 console 3. Thus, versatility relating to service processor  
control can be advantageously enhanced.

In addition, according to the invention of the twelfth  
aspect, service processor information control is executed  
using the XML defining an information type (e.g., binary,  
15 hexadecimal, decimal) by DTD. Thus, the use of XML can be  
advantageously extended to an information processing.

Although the invention has been described with respect  
to a specific embodiment for a complete and clear disclosure,  
the appended claims are not to be thus limited but are to  
20 be construed as embodying all modifications and alternative  
constructions that may occur to one skilled in the art which  
fairly fall within the basic teaching herein set forth.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A service processor control system comprising:

5 a component information storage server storing component information on all of hardware and firmware constituting a product, control information for controlling at least a hardware state of a host and setting information for setting the hardware state, and connected to the Internet; and

10 a client connected to a service processor connected to said host and said Internet, having at least a maintenance service function, as a console function for said service processor, based on said control information and said setting information, and drawing said component information, said control information and said setting information  
15 through a browser.

2. The service processor control system according to claim 1, wherein

20 said client executes control relating to said service processor through said browser, thereby setting and controlling the hardware state of said host based on said control information and said setting information.

3. The service processor control system according to claim 1, wherein

said component information, said control information and said setting information are described in XML and said browser is made to correspond to said XML.

4. The service processor control system according to claim 1, wherein

another client connected to said Internet is provided with said browser.

5. The service processor control system according to claim 1, wherein

said client executes control over information on said service processor using the XML including a tag for defining a type of information on the hardware of said host by DTD.

6. The service processor control system according to claim 5, wherein

said client displays said hardware state by a predetermined type of information by using said DTD and DSSSL.



7. The service processor control system according to claim 6, wherein

said client writes said setting information of a predetermined type into said hardware of said host by using  
5 said DTD and DSSSL.

8. The service processor control system according to claim 6, wherein

said client displays a message from said host by  
10 scrolling up or down the message by using said DTD or DSSSL.

9. The service processor control system according to claim 1, wherein

the service processor control system comprises a  
15 program server connected to said Internet, storing a program, a loading module for loading said program and control information for controlling execution of said program; and

said client extracts said program, said loading module and said control information by way of said browser through  
20 the Internet and then executes said program.

10. A computer-readable recording medium recording a service processor control program, connected to a service processor and adapted to a client connected as a console for  
25 at least said service processor, said service processor

connected to a component information server storing  
component information on all hardware and firmware  
constituting a product, control information for controlling  
at least a hardware state of a host and setting information  
5 for setting the hardware state through the Internet and  
connected to said host, wherein

said computer-readable recording medium allows a  
computer to execute:

an extraction step of extracting said component  
10 information, said control information and said setting  
information through a browser.

11. The computer-readable recording medium recording a  
service processor control program according to claim 10,  
15 comprising an information control execution step of  
executing control over information on said service processor  
by using an XML including a tag defining a type of hardware  
information on said host by DTD.

20 12. The computer-readable recording medium recording a  
service processor control program according to claim 10,  
wherein

said computer-readable recording medium comprises a  
control execution step of setting and controlling the  
25 hardware state of said host based on said control information

and said setting information by executing control relating to said service processor through said browser.

13. The computer-readable recording medium recording a  
5 service processor control program according to claim 12,  
comprising an information control execution step of  
executing control over information on said service processor  
by using an XML including a tag defining a type of hardware  
information on said host by DTD.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The object of the present invention is to enhance versatility relating to service processor control by delivering and maintaining component information with less labor and lower cost. The present invention comprises a client storing component information on all hardware and firmware constituting a product, connected to a drawing server, an EC sheet server, a program server, a manual server, a service processor connected to the Internet as well as to the Internet, having a console function for at least the service processor, extracting component information through an SVP browser, and allowing the service processor to conduct a maintenance service, a console service and the like relating to a host.

15

FIG.1

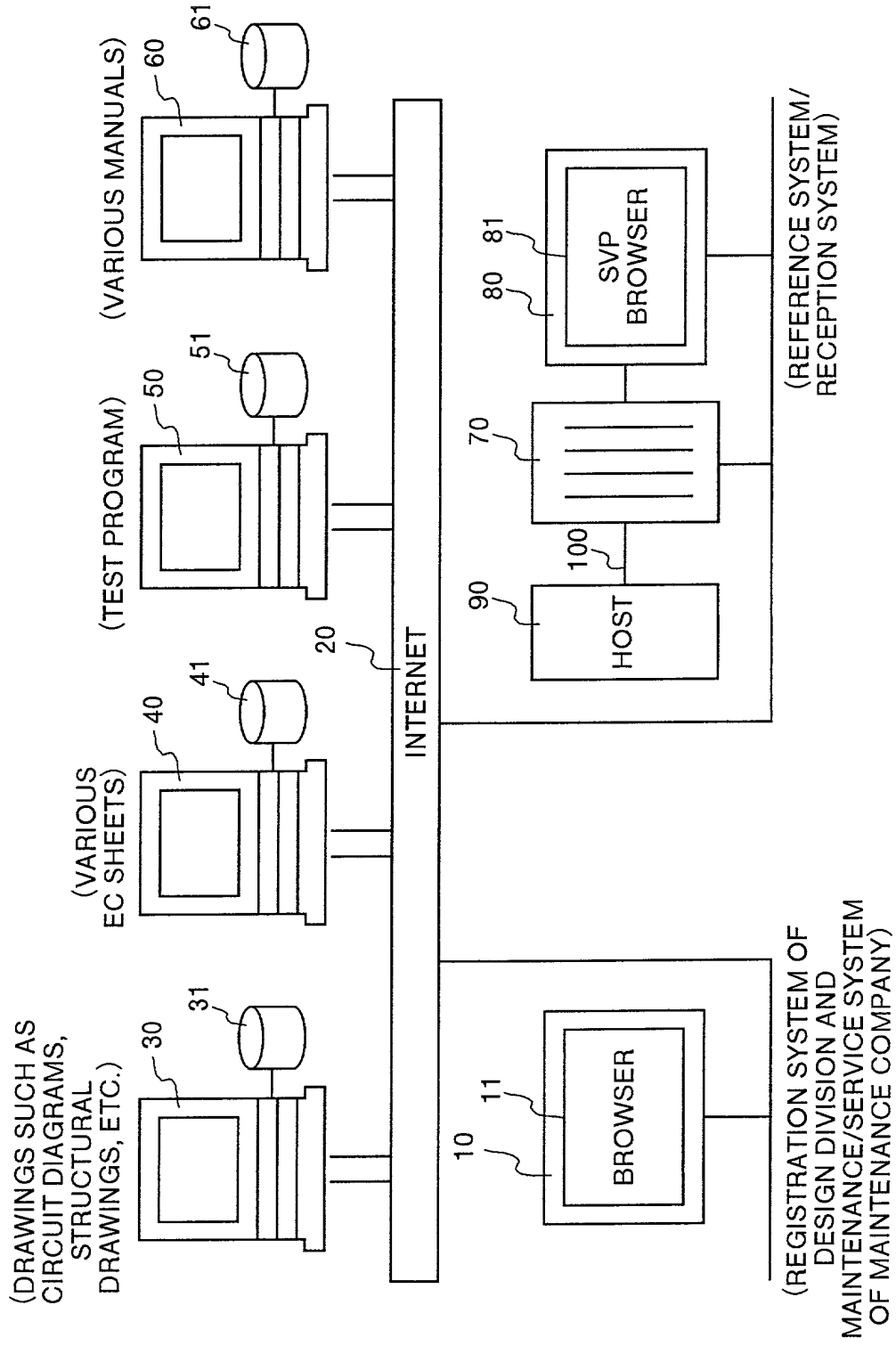


FIG.2

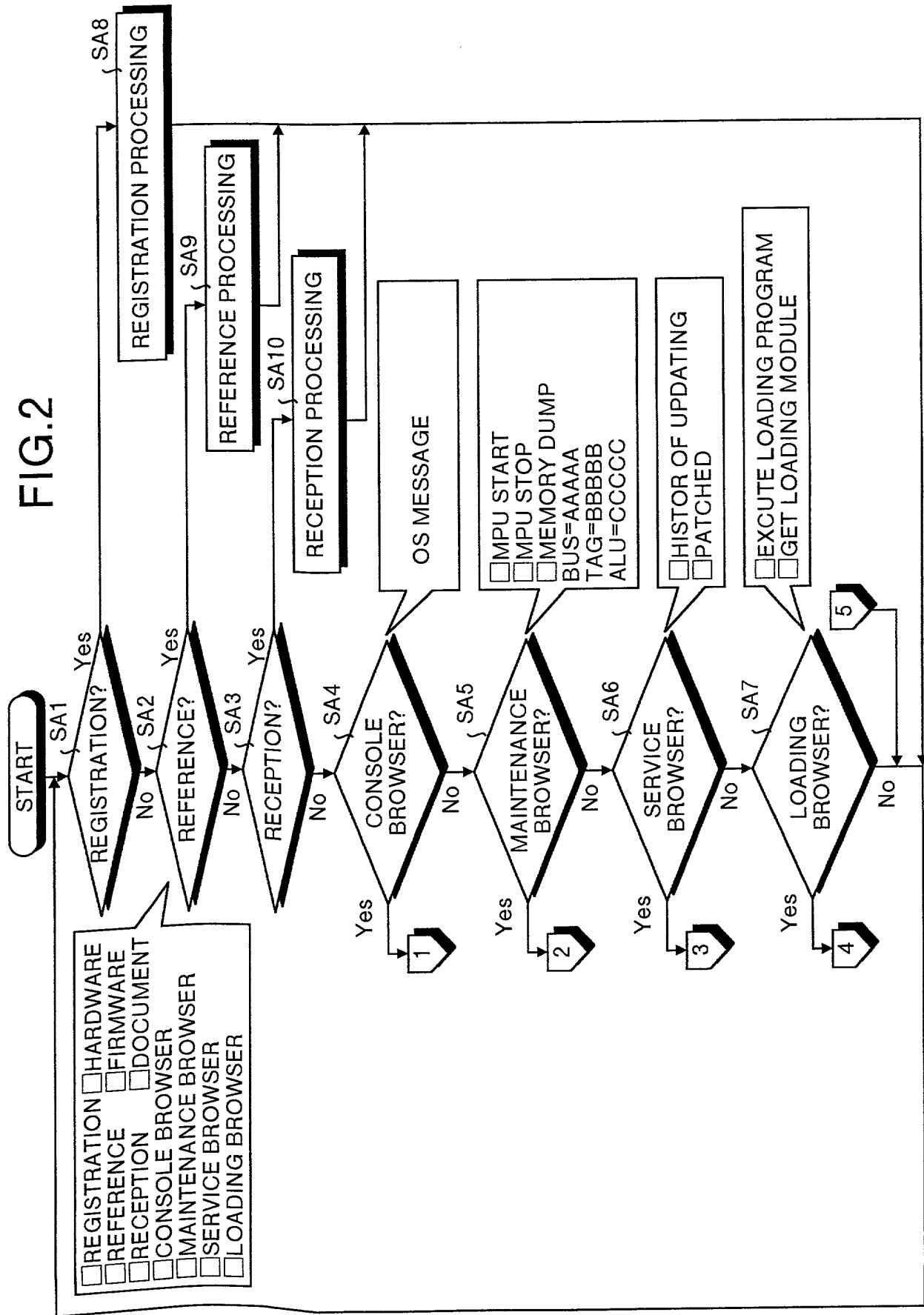


FIG.3

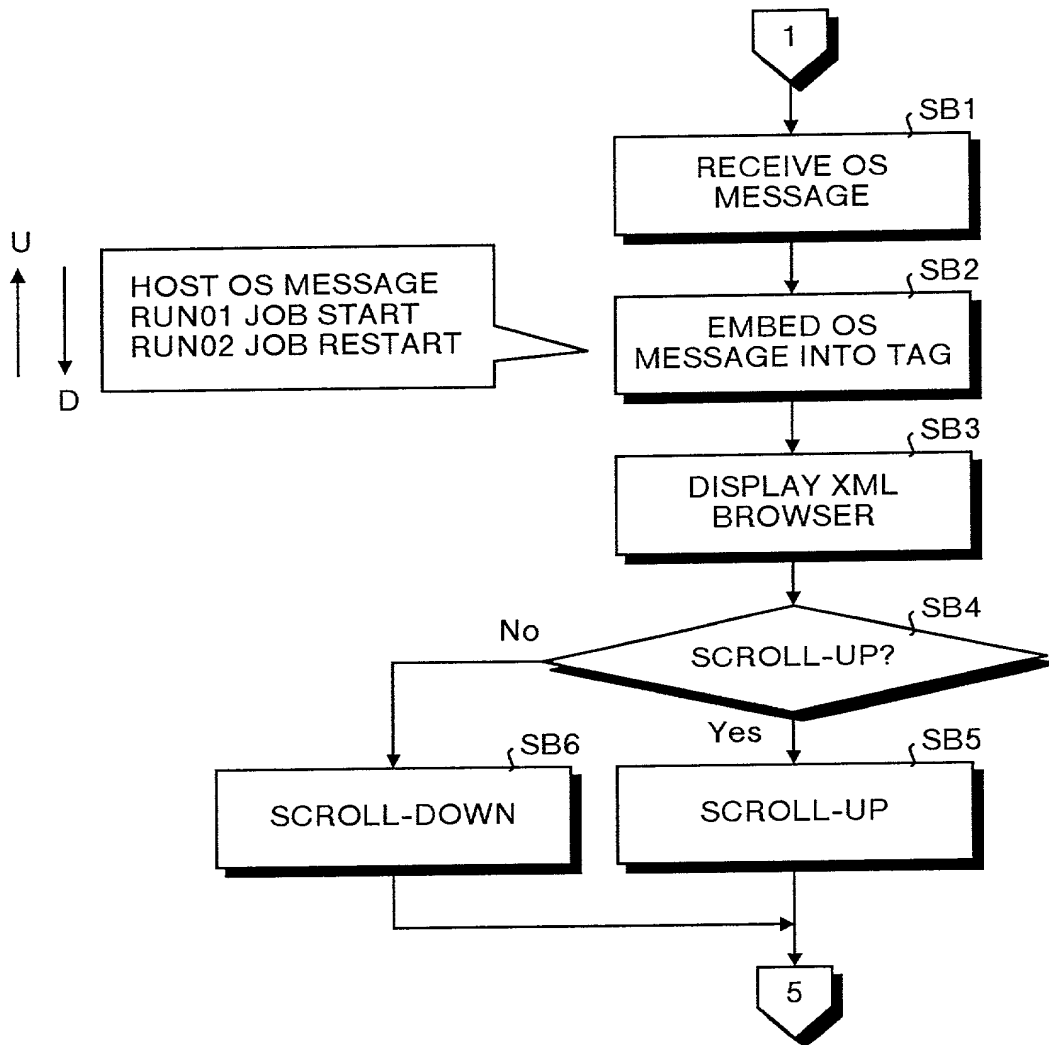


FIG.4

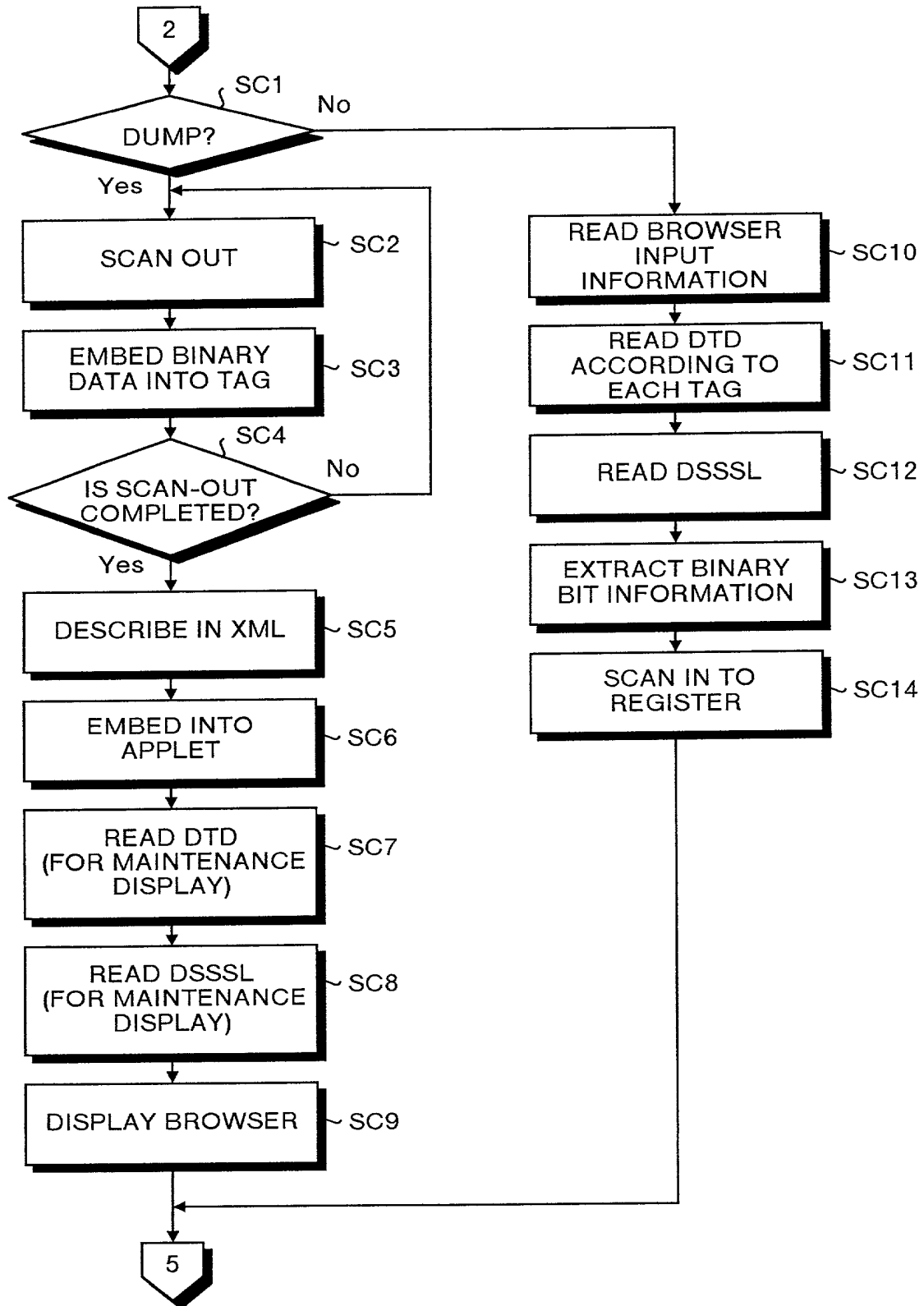




FIG.5

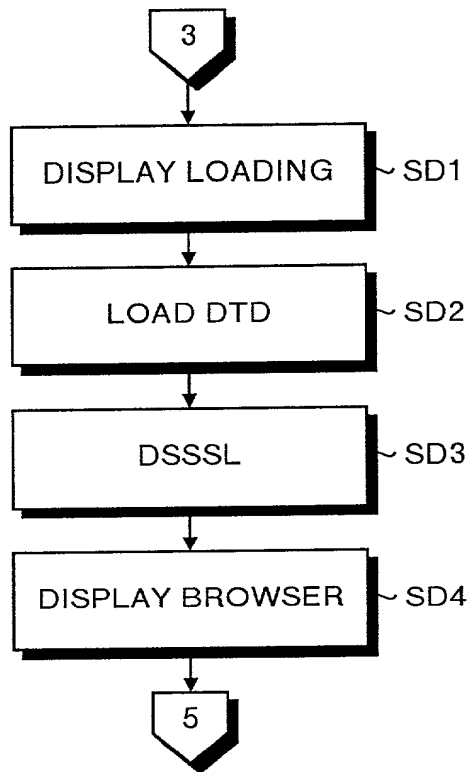
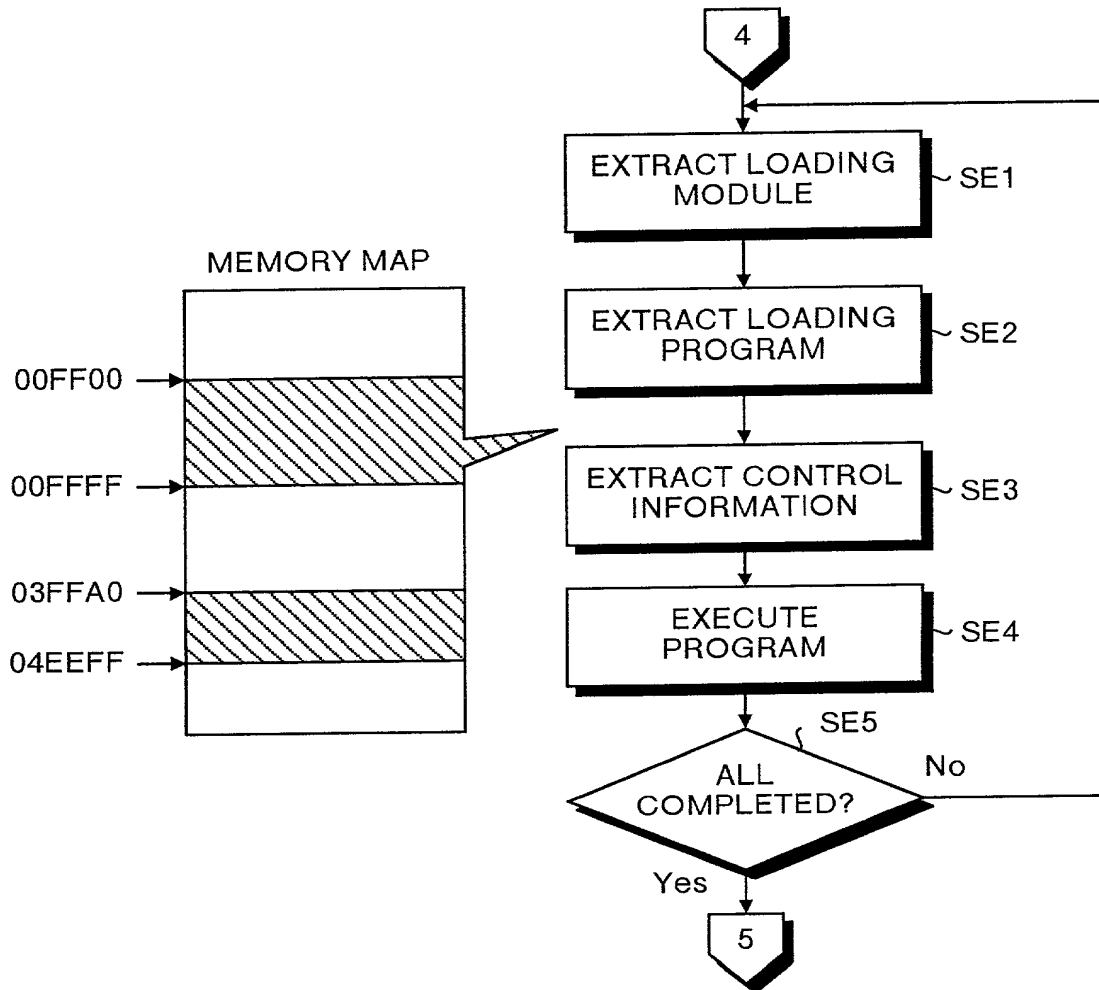


FIG.6





Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

## Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

### 特許出願宣言書及び委任状

### Japanese Language Declaration

### 日本語宣言書

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As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

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My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

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I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

SERVICE PROCESSOR CONTROL SYSTEM  
AND COMPUTER-READABLE RECORDING  
MEDIUM RECORDING SERVICE  
PROCESSOR CONTROL PROGRAM

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本表に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

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 as United States Application Number or  
 PCT International Application Number  
 \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on  
 \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

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### Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願  
2000-069385

(Number)  
(番号)

Japan

(Country)  
(国名)

(Number)  
(番号)

(Country)  
(国名)

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(出願番号)

(Filing Date)  
(出願日)

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(Filing Date)  
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Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

13/March/2000

(Day/Month/Year Filed)  
(出願年月日)

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(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)  
(現況: 特許許可済、保続中、放棄済)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)  
(現況: 特許許可済、保続中、放棄済)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

PTO/SB/106 (8-96)

Approved for use through 9/30/98. OMB 0651-0032  
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# Japanese Language Declaration

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.)